

PEDIATRIC PAIN MANAGEMENT

HPI	Signs & Symptoms	Differential Diagnosis
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Age • Location, duration, severity • Allergies to medications 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Quality • Relation to movement • Relation to breathing • Increase with palpation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Musculoskeletal • Visceral (abdominal) • Cardiac • Pleural, respiratory

	EMR	EMT	PM
1. Provide Pediatric Routine Medical Care - treat life threatening problems with airway, breathing circulation and disability.	•	•	•
2. Obtain ECG, monitor Capnography.		•	•
3. Assure SBP remains age appropriate	•	•	•
4. FENTANYL : 1 mcg/kg IVP/IN/IO/IM (100 mcg max single dose), may repeat 10 min., max total dose 200mcg			•
5. If respiratory depression occurs NALOXONE : ≥ 5kg: 0.1 mg/kg IN/IM, max. 2 mg or 0.1 mg/kg IVP/IO, max. 2 mg		•	•
6. Consider prophylactic nausea/vomiting : ONDANSETRON : ≥ 10kg and <40 kg: 0.1 mg/kg IVP/IO, over 30 sec., max. 4 mg ≥40 kg: 4 mg IVP/IO, over 30 sec.			•
or 4 mg ORAL, may repeat 10 min., max. 8 mg		•	•

NOTE:

1. Do not administer NALOXONE to patients < 5kg
2. Do not administer ONDANSETRON to patients < 10kg

Use Calculator for dosing